



SaskWater



SASKATCHEWAN WATER CORPORATION

First Quarter Report
June 30, 2024



CORPORATE PROFILE

SaskWater is committed to providing the highest level of service to its customers.

That promise is reflected in the corporation's vision, mission and values.

Vision

- To be Saskatchewan's choice for water services.

Mission

- To create trusted and sustainable water solutions for a vibrant Saskatchewan.

Values

- **ACCOUNTABILITY** - We are accountable for our decisions, communication, behaviours and results.
- **TEAMWORK** - We act as a team that collaborates and supports one another and other provincial organizations to be successful.
- **CREATIVITY** - We foster creative thinking and innovative ideas.
- **STEWARDSHIP** - We put health and safety first and respect and support the environment and communities where we live and work.
- **RECOGNITION** - We recognize and acknowledge each other for our contributions and celebrate success.

About SaskWater

SaskWater is Saskatchewan's commercial Crown water utility, helping communities, First Nations and industry gain access to reliable and professional water and wastewater services.

SaskWater provides professional water and wastewater services to 77 communities, 11 rural municipalities, 78 rural pipeline groups, 15 industrial and 261 commercial and end user customers.

SaskWater serves approximately 120,400 people in Saskatchewan.

The corporation owns nine water treatment plants, three wastewater facilities, 136.94 kilometres of canal and 1,055 kilometres of pipeline. SaskWater also owns or leases 42 booster and pump stations.

SaskWater also maintains customer-owned systems and provides operator training to 29 Saskatchewan First Nations communities.





FINANCIAL & OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

	Three Months Ended June 30	
	2024	2023
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS		
(\$ thousands):		
Total revenue	\$ 17,337	\$ 17,730
Total expenses	14,826	14,681
Operating income	2,511	3,049
Net finance income (expense)	(810)	(601)
Net income	\$ 1,701	\$ 2,448
Other comprehensive income	(35)	(132)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 1,666	\$ 2,316
Dividends	\$ 914	\$ 788
Debt Ratio	52.8 %	52.7 %
OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS		
(cubic metres):		
Non-potable water distributed	9,014,537	9,037,692
Potable water distributed	2,050,626	2,256,409

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Introduction

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) highlights the primary factors that affected the financial results and operations of SaskWater for the three-months ended June 30, 2024. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 – Interim Financial Reporting using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The SaskWater Board of Directors approved these interim financial statements at their meeting on August 27, 2024. For additional information, refer to SaskWater's 2023-24 Annual Report.

Background

SaskWater's five measurable strategic objectives to guide the corporation are: Customer Focus, Growth, Operational Excellence & Innovation, Leadership & Culture and Corporate Reputation.

SaskWater employs provincially certified operators supported by a team of highly qualified technicians, technologists and professional engineers. In addition to operating its own systems, the company also provides certified operation and maintenance for water and wastewater systems.

SaskWater owns nine water treatment plants, six serving regional customers and three as stand-alone systems. In addition, SaskWater also operates three regional systems supplied by potable water treated by the City of Saskatoon, the Buffalo Pound Water Treatment Plant and the City of Lloydminster.

Non-potable water is provided primarily to industrial customers in the areas surrounding Saskatoon, Buffalo Pound Lake and along the Saskatoon South East Water Supply system.

SaskWater currently owns and operates regional wastewater treatment facilities in Nipawin and Fort Qu'Appelle and a municipal wastewater facility serving Pierceland. SaskWater can address new demands for water and wastewater services from municipal customers through further:

- Development of service clusters for cost-effective delivery of services to customers.
- Implementation of proven treatment plant technologies that exceed regulatory requirements and ensure quality control is maintained.
- By ensuring the company has the people and the training to meet anticipated demand for services.

Highlights

Non-potable Water

Non-potable water is primarily distributed to large industrial customers, especially in the potash mining sector. While volumes are down 0.3 per cent, revenues are up 0.8 per cent compared to Q1 of the previous year, due to contract terms. Potash industry revenues have increased slightly this quarter.

Potable Water

Potable water volumes have decreased 9.1 per cent in the three-month period ended June 30, 2024, compared to the same period in 2023-24. Potable water is primarily supplied to municipal customers. Seasonal fluctuations are more often noted during the first and second quarters and are influenced by temperature and precipitation and the resulting impact on such uses as lawn and garden watering. Water volumes within municipalities tend to be more stable during the third and fourth quarters of the year. The change in water consumption in the first three months of 2024-25 has been impacted by the cool and wet weather experienced across the province as major customers in most areas have decreased usage over the previous year. Potable water revenues have fallen \$487,000, or 5.6 per cent, as a result of the decreased water usage.

Services

Service revenues include certified operation and maintenance where SaskWater provides operator expertise to run customer owned facilities; project management which is largely related to pre-construction engineering services while project proponents complete their feasibility analysis; operator training support to 29 First Nations and northern project management which relates to engineering services to northern Saskatchewan communities primarily in conjunction with the Ministry of Government Relations.

Revenues from all services are up approximately 5.4 per cent in 2024-25. The certified operation and maintenance, municipal project management, northern project management, and circuit rider training program lines of business all saw modest increases during the first quarter, resulting in an additional \$57,000 of revenue, when compared to the first quarter of 2023-24.

Other

There was a small decrease of \$8,000, or 0.4 per cent, in other revenue for the first quarter of 2023-24.

Expenses

Expenses have increased 1.0 per cent for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024, from the same period in 2023. The largest increase was \$353,000 for salaries and benefits, resulting from filling vacant positions and in-range movement for existing staff. This increase was offset by a reduction of \$394,000 in bulk water purchase costs, due to reduced potable water sales.

Net Finance Income (Expense)

Net finance expense includes debt servicing costs on funds borrowed to support investments and earnings on debt retirement funds that are set aside to retire capital market debts on their maturity. Net debt servicing costs are up \$209,000, or 34.8 per cent from the same period last year due to a decrease in interest allocated to capital projects. This is partly a timing difference, and this variance is expected to decrease by \$134,000 in future periods.

Other Comprehensive Income

Other comprehensive income primarily consists of market value gains and losses on debt retirement funds, which are outside of management's control.

Dividends

SaskWater provides quarterly dividend installments during the year and reconciles at year end to the targeted percentage of earnings. For 2024-25, SaskWater is targeting to pay 50 per cent of its earnings as a dividend to Crown Investments Corporation. Dividends are reviewed on an annual basis, considering several factors including the corporate financial position and capital requirements.



Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Statement of Financial Position

(unaudited - thousands of dollars)

	as at		
	June 30, 2024	March 31, 2024	Change
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 1,143	\$ 3,321	\$ (2,178)
Trade and other receivables	7,640	7,099	541
Prepaid expenses	762	621	141
Inventories	855	858	(3)
Current portion of deferred charges	68	68	-
	<u>10,468</u>	<u>11,967</u>	<u>(1,499)</u>
Deferred Charges	722	739	(17)
Investment - debt retirement funds	17,810	16,765	1,045
Right-of-use assets	3,765	3,851	(86)
Property, plant and equipment	419,651	421,051	(1,400)
	<u>\$ 452,416</u>	<u>\$ 454,373</u>	<u>\$ (1,957)</u>
Liabilities and Province of Saskatchewan's Equity			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	\$ 5,341	\$ 5,920	\$ (579)
Notes payable	11,000	11,000	-
Dividends payable	914	1,114	(200)
Current portion of deferred credits	35	35	-
Current portion of deferred revenue	7,403	7,403	-
Current portion of lease liabilities	916	916	-
Current portion of long-term debt	1,700	-	1,700
	<u>27,309</u>	<u>26,388</u>	<u>921</u>
Deferred credits	171	180	(9)
Deferred revenue	238,142	239,984	(1,842)
Lease liabilities	2,957	3,036	(79)
Long-term debt	99,118	100,818	(1,700)
Employee benefits	647	647	-
	<u>368,344</u>	<u>371,053</u>	<u>(2,709)</u>
Province of Saskatchewan's Equity			
Equity Advance	8,700	8,700	-
Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss)	(974)	(939)	(35)
Retained Earnings	76,346	75,559	787
	<u>84,072</u>	<u>83,320</u>	<u>752</u>
	<u>\$ 452,416</u>	<u>\$ 454,373</u>	<u>\$ (1,957)</u>

Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income/(Loss)

(unaudited - thousands of dollars)

	Three months ended June 30		
	Actual 2024	Actual 2023	Act vs Act Variance
Revenue (Note 4)			
Water sales and treatment	\$ 14,358	\$ 14,800	\$ (442)
Services	1,105	1,048	57
Other	1,874	1,882	(8)
	17,337	17,730	(393)
Expenses			
Salaries and benefits	3,988	3,635	(353)
Operations, maintenance, and administration	3,313	3,231	(82)
Depreciation	4,087	4,040	(47)
Bulk water purchases	3,135	3,529	394
Saskatchewan taxes	303	246	(57)
	14,826	14,681	(145)
Operating income/(loss)	2,511	3,049	(538)
Finance income	185	142	43
Finance expense	(995)	(743)	(252)
Net finance income/(expense) (Note 5)	(810)	(601)	(209)
Net income (loss)	1,701	2,448	(747)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
Debt retirement fund valuation gain/(loss)	(35)	(132)	97
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)	(35)	(132)	97
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	\$ 1,666	\$ 2,316	\$ (650)

Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Statement of Cash Flows

(unaudited - thousands of dollars)

	Three months ended June 30	
	2024	2023
Operating activities		
Net income	\$ 1,701	\$ 2,448
Items not affecting cash from operations:		
Depreciation	4,087	4,040
Amortization of deferred revenue	(1,842)	(1,845)
Net financing expense	810	601
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets	-	(4)
Change in non-cash working capital items:		
Trade and other receivables	(548)	(18,255)
Prepaid expenses	(141)	695
Inventories	3	(828)
(Addition) amortization of deferred charges	-	(61)
Addition (amortization) of deferred credits	-	(9)
Trade and other payables	(219)	16,142
Deferred revenue	-	16,749
Interest paid	(1,339)	(960)
Interest received	42	59
Cash provided by operating activities	2,554	18,772
Investing activities		
Property, plant and equipment expenditures	(2,524)	(27,375)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	8
Cash used in investing activities	(2,524)	(27,367)
Financing activities		
Lease payments	(156)	(167)
Proceeds from long-term debt	-	5,000
Advance of notes payable	-	5,000
Debt retirement fund installments	(938)	(837)
Dividends paid	(1,114)	(2,168)
Cash provided by financing activities	(2,208)	6,828
Change in Cash	(2,178)	(1,767)
Cash, Beginning of Period	3,321	2,535
Cash, End of Period	\$ 1,143	\$ 768

Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Statement of Changes in Equity

(unaudited - thousands of dollars)

	Three months ended June 30, 2024			
	Equity Advances	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Retained earnings	Total Equity
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 8,700	\$ (939)	\$ 75,559	\$ 83,320
Net income	-	-	1,701	1,701
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	(35)	-	(35)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	(35)	1,701	1,666
Dividends declared	-	-	(914)	(914)
Balance, end of period	\$ 8,700	\$ (974)	\$ 76,346	\$ 84,072

	Three months ended June 30, 2023			
	Equity Advances	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Retained earnings	Total Equity
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 8,700	\$ (1,026)	\$ 71,200	\$ 78,874
Net income	-	-	2,448	2,448
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	(133)	-	(133)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	(133)	2,448	2,315
Dividends declared	-	-	(788)	(788)
Balance, end of period	\$ 8,700	\$ (1,159)	\$ 72,860	\$ 80,401

Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements - unaudited

June 30, 2024

1. General Information

The Saskatchewan Water Corporation (the Corporation) is a corporation located in Canada. The address of the Corporation's registered office and principal place of business is 200-111 Fairford Street East, Moose Jaw, SK, S6H 1C8.

The Corporation was established on July 1, 1984 under the authority of The Water Corporation Act which remained in effect until June 30, 2002. On October 1, 2002 The Saskatchewan Water Corporation Act was proclaimed.

By virtue of The Crown Corporations Act, 1993, the Corporation has been designated as a subsidiary of Crown Investments Corporation of Saskatchewan (CIC). Accordingly, the financial results of the Corporation are included in the consolidated financial statements of CIC, a Provincial Crown corporation. As the Corporation is a Provincial Crown corporation, it is not subject to Federal or Provincial income taxes in Canada, but is subject to Provincial corporate capital tax.

The principal activity of the Corporation is to construct, acquire, manage or operate works and to provide services in accordance with any agreements that it enters into pursuant to *The Saskatchewan Water Corporation Act*.

2. Basis of Preparation

a) Statement of compliance

The unaudited condensed interim financial statements (herein referred to as the interim financial statements) have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 - Interim Financial Reporting as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). These interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Saskatchewan Water Corporation's March 31, 2024 audited financial statements.

The interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the IASB (IFRS). The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these interim financial statements conform with those used in the Corporation's most recent annual financial statements and have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these interim financial statements except as discussed in the "Use of estimates and judgements" and the "New standards and amendments to standards" sections of this note.

The condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on August 27, 2024.

b) Basis of measurement

These interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following:

- Financial instruments that are accounted for at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- Provisions.
- Employee benefit obligations.

Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements - unaudited

June 30, 2024

2. Basis of Preparation (continued)

c) Interim measurement

SaskWater's sales to municipal customers are seasonal, with the first and second quarters being the strongest periods, reflecting hotter weather and higher outdoor water usage.

d) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Canadian Dollars, which is the Corporation's functional currency.

e) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal or most advantageous market at the measurement date under current market conditions (exit price). The Corporation's own credit risk and the credit risk of the counterparty have been taken into account in determining the fair value of financial assets and liabilities. The Corporation has classified the fair value of its financial instruments as level 1, 2, or 3 (Note 8) as defined below:

- Level 1 - Fair Values are determined using inputs that are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities to which the Corporation has immediate access.
- Level 2 - Fair Values are determined using inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Debt retirement funds are valued at closing period-end unit prices received from the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance. In all other circumstances, valuations are determined with reference to similar actively traded instruments. All long-term debt obligations are estimated using discounted cash flow analysis based on current market yields for similar arrangements.
- Level 3 - Fair values are determined based on inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

f) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of these interim financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies are:

- Valuation of trade and other receivables
- Underlying estimates of useful lives and amortization of property, plant and equipment
- Underlying estimates of deferred revenue and infrastructure deposits
- Carrying amounts of provisions and underlying estimates of future cash flows
- Carrying amounts of employee benefits and underlying actuarial assumptions
- Underlying estimates for future commitments and contingencies

Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements - unaudited

June 30, 2024

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in the Corporation's March 31, 2024 audited financial statements.

a) Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Corporation determines whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

As a lessee

On initial identification of a lease contract, the Corporation recognizes a ROU asset and a lease liability at the commencement of the lease contract. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the future lease payments under the contract, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease contract. Where the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the Corporation uses its incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments include fixed payments, less any lease incentives, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, the exercise price of a purchase option or optional renewal period that the Corporation is reasonably certain to exercise, and penalties for early termination of a lease contract unless the Corporation is reasonably certain not to terminate early. Subsequently, the lease liability is measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest method. The lease liability is re-measured to reflect any reassessments or lease modifications. Lease payments are allocated between the principal repayment of the lease liability and finance expense. The finance expense on the lease liability is charged to net income over the term of the lease contract to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability for each period.

The ROU asset is initially measured at cost, which includes the initial lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs and restoration costs. The ROU assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the remaining term of lease contract. The ROU assets are subsequently re-measured to reflect any reassessments or lease modifications.

The Corporation has elected not to recognize ROU assets and lease liabilities for lease contracts where the total term of the lease is less than or equal to 12 months or for low value lease contracts. The Corporation recognizes the payments relating to such leases (including principal and interest associated with these leases) as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. These payments are presented within Operations, maintenance, and administration expense in net income.

As a lessor

On initial identification of a lease contract, the Corporation determines whether the contract is a finance lease or an operating lease. If a contract transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset to the customer, then the contract is classified as a finance lease; otherwise, it is classified as an operating lease. Finance income related to finance leases is recognized in a manner that produces a constant rate of return on the net investment in the lease. The net investment in the lease is the aggregate of net minimum lease payments and unearned finance income discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. Unearned finance income is deferred and recognized in net income over the lease term. Lease payments received by the Corporation under operating leases are recognized as lease revenue within other revenue on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements - unaudited

June 30, 2024

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

a) Leases (continued)

The Corporation applies judgment in determination of the lease term for certain lease contracts with renewal options. The assessment of whether the Corporation is reasonable certain to exercise such options impacts the lease term, which could significantly affects the amount of lease liabilities and right of use assets recorded on the initial recognition of the lease contract.

b) Deferred revenue

Government grants

Government grants are recognized initially as deferred revenue at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and the Corporation will comply with the conditions associated with the grant. Grants that compensate the Corporation for expenses incurred are recognized in net income on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are recognized. Grants that compensate the Corporation for the cost of an asset are recognized in net income on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset. There is no change in policy for revenue recognition of government grants as a result of the implementation of IFRS 15.

Customer contributions

Customer contributions are received from customers, generally in the form of cash, to assist in the construction of assets to provide services to the contributing customers. Prior to the commencement of construction these amounts are recorded as infrastructure deposits. As construction occurs these amounts are transferred to deferred revenue.

When completion of the construction is determined to be a separately identifiable performance obligation, these amounts are recognized directly into net income. When completion of construction is not determined to be separate from the ongoing supply or services performance obligation, these amounts are transferred to deferred revenue and recognized in net income over the term of the contract with the customer. If the contract does not specify a period or automatically continues in effect after an initial term, the revenue shall be recognized over a period no longer than the useful life of the related assets used to provide the ongoing service. There is no change in policy for revenue recognition of customer contributions as a result of the implementation of IFRS 15.

c) Contract assets and liabilities

The Corporation recognizes a contract asset or contract liability for the contracts where either party has performed. A contract liability is recorded when the Corporation receives consideration before the performance obligations have been satisfied. A contract asset is recorded when the Corporation has rights to consideration for the completion of a performance obligation when that right is conditional on something other than the passage of time. The Corporation recognizes unconditional rights to consideration separately as a receivable. Contract assets and receivables are evaluated at each reporting period to determine whether there is any objective evidence that they are impaired.

Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements - unaudited June 30, 2024

4. Revenue

	Three months ended June 30	
	2024	2023
	(Thousands)	
Water sales and treatment		
Potable water supply	\$ 8,142	\$ 8,629
Non-Potable water supply	6,015	5,966
Wastewater treatment	201	205
	<u>14,358</u>	<u>14,800</u>
Services		
Certified operations & maintenance	699	690
Project management	7	-
Northern project management	173	161
Operator training	219	188
Leak detection	-	1
ROAM	7	7
	<u>1,105</u>	<u>1,047</u>
Other		
Amortization of customer contributions	1,512	1,586
Amortization of government grants - capital related	329	255
Miscellaneous revenue	33	42
	<u>1,874</u>	<u>1,883</u>
	<u>\$ 17,337</u>	<u>\$ 17,730</u>

5. Finance income and expenses

	Three months ended June 30	
	2024	2023
	(Thousands)	
Finance income		
Debt retirement fund earnings (losses)	\$ 142	\$ 68
Amortization of Premiums	9	9
Other finance income	34	65
	<u>185</u>	<u>142</u>
Finance expenses		
Interest expense on short-term debt	134	113
Interest expense on long-term debt	812	703
Unwinding of discounts	32	27
Other interest expense	-	2
Amortization of Discounts and Commissions	17	4
Borrowing costs capitalized to qualifying assets	-	(106)
	<u>995</u>	<u>743</u>
Net finance expense	<u>\$ (810)</u>	<u>\$ (601)</u>

Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements - unaudited

June 30, 2024

6. Equity Advance and Capital Disclosure

The Corporation does not have share capital. However, the Corporation has received advances from CIC to form its equity capitalization. The advances reflect an equity investment in the Corporation by CIC.

The Corporation's debt management plan is built on the goal of ensuring the capacity to meet long term obligations and ensuring financial health, while achieving the growth plans of the Corporation.

As a Crown corporation, SaskWater receives its long-term capital funding primarily from the Saskatchewan Ministry of Finance. SaskWater also has access to a \$75 million line of credit.

The Corporation's capital consists of notes payable, long-term debt and equity, less debt retirement funds.

The Corporation monitors capital on the basis of the debt ratio. The current long-term debt ratio target is 60%, which is consistent with the prior period. The debt ratio is calculated as net debt divided by end of period capitalization as follows:

	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
	(Thousands)	
Gross long-term debt	\$ 100,818	\$ 100,818
Notes payable	11,000	11,000
Debt retirement funds	(17,810)	(16,765)
Net debt	94,008	95,053
Total equity	84,072	83,320
Capitalization	<u>\$ 178,080</u>	<u>\$ 178,373</u>
Debt ratio	52.8%	53.3%

The Corporation has complied with all externally imposed restrictions on its debt for the period ended June 30, 2024.

7. Commitments and Contingencies

Contractual commitments (Thousands)

As of June 30, 2024, the Corporation has outstanding commitments of \$7,642 (March 31, 2024 - \$8,604) for construction contracts and consulting agreements primarily relating to assets under construction and other service contracts.

The Corporation has provided, in its accounts, for any known claims from lawsuits or other legal proceedings for which there is material risk of liability to the Corporation in accordance with management's best estimates and the advice received from legal counsel. The Corporation intends to account for any differences which may arise between amounts provided and amounts expended in the period in which the claims are resolved.

Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements - unaudited

June 30, 2024

8. Financial instruments

Fair values

Fair values are the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair values are estimates using present value and other valuation techniques which are significantly affected by the assumptions used concerning the amount and timing of estimated future cash flows and discount rates that reflect varying degrees of risk. Therefore, due to the use of judgment and future-oriented information, aggregate fair value amounts should not be interpreted as being realizable in an immediate settlement of the instruments.

The following summarizes the classification, carrying amounts and fair values of the Corporation's financial instruments:

	Classification ¹	Level ²	June 30, 2024		March 31, 2024		
			Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
			(Thousands)		(Thousands)		
Financial assets							
Cash	FVTPL	1	\$ 1,143	\$ 1,143	\$ 3,321	\$ 3,321	
Trade and other receivables	AC	N/A	7,640	7,640	7,099	7,099	
Debt retirement funds	FVOCI	2	17,810	17,810	16,765	16,765	
Financial liabilities							
Trade and other payables	OL	N/A	(5,341)	(5,341)	(5,920)	(5,920)	
Notes payable	OL	N/A	(11,000)	(11,000)	(11,000)	(11,000)	
Dividends payable	OL	N/A	(914)	(914)	(1,114)	(1,114)	
Infrastructure deposits	OL	N/A	-	-	-	-	
Long-term debt	OL	2	(100,818)	(90,476)	(100,818)	(89,773)	

¹Classification details are as follows:

FVTPL - Fair value through profit and loss

AC - Amortized cost

FVOCI - Fair value through other comprehensive income (loss)

OL - Other liabilities

²Level details are as follows:

Level 1 – Where quoted prices are readily available from an active market.

Level 2 – Valuation model not using quoted prices, but still using predominantly observable market inputs, such as market interest rates.

Level 3 – Valuation for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

Not applicable (N/A) – Financial instruments that are carried at values which approximate fair value.

Saskatchewan Water Corporation

Notes to the Financial Statements - unaudited June 30, 2024

9. Leases

a) ROU assets

Cost	Buildings	Vehicles	Equipment	Total
	(Thousands)			
Opening balance, April 1, 2024	\$ 3,599	\$ 2,465	\$ -	\$ 6,064
Additions	-	77	-	77
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 3,599	\$ 2,542	\$ -	\$ 6,141

Depreciation

Opening balance, April 1, 2024	\$ 1,351	\$ 862	\$ -	\$ 2,213
Amortization	82	81	-	163
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 1,433	\$ 943	\$ -	\$ 2,376

Carrying amounts

Opening balance, April 1, 2024	\$ 2,248	\$ 1,603	\$ -	\$ 3,851
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 2,166	\$ 1,599	\$ -	\$ 3,765

b) Lease liabilities

	Buildings	Vehicles	Equipment	Total
	(Thousands)			
Opening balance, April 1, 2024	\$ 2,329	\$ 1,623	\$ -	\$ 3,952
Additions	-	77	-	77
Lease payments	(91)	(97)	-	(188)
Unwind of discount	14	18	-	32
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 2,252	\$ 1,621	\$ -	\$ 3,873

c) Amortization expense

	Three months ended June 30	
	2024	2023
	(Thousands)	
Amortization of PP&E	\$ 3,924	\$ 3,895
Amortization of ROU assets	163	145
Total	\$ 4,087	\$ 4,040

d) Short term leases

The expense recorded for short term leases was \$13 for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024.